1 2 3	DANIEL J. BRODERICK, #89424 Federal Defender LAUREN CUSICK, Bar #257570 Assistant Federal Defender Designated Counsel for Service 801 I Street, 3rd Floor		
4	Sacramento, California 95814 Telephone: (916) 498-5700		
5	Attorney for Defendant OSCAR FOREMAN		
6 7	OSCAR FOREMAN		
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
10	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,) No. CR-S-09-73 EFB	
11	Plaintiff,) AMENDED) MOTION IN LIMINE TO EXCLUDE) DEFENDANT'S STATEMENTS DUE TO) DISCOVERY VIOLATIONS)	
12	V.		
13	OSCAR FOREMAN,		
14 15	Defendant.) Date: January 12, 2010) Time: 9:30 a.m.) Judge: Hon. Edmund F. Brennan	
16 17 18 19 20	To: Benjamin B. Wagner, United States Attorney Matthew Stegman, Assistant United States Attorney: Oscar Foreman, by and through undersigned counsel, moves this Court for an order precluding the government from introducing any and all statements that he allegedly made to Jamie Baldwin on		
21	December 10, 2008, because the government failed to disclose those statements until January 5, 2010, despite repeated prior opportunities to comply with its disclosure obligations.		
22			
23	Dated: January 7, 2010		
24		Respectfully submitted,	
25		DANIEL J. BRODERICK Federal Defender	
26		/s/ Lauren Cusick	
27		LAUREN CUSICK Assistant Federal Defender	
28		Attorney for Defendant	

I

I

OSCAR FOREMAN

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I. BACKGROUND

The government filed an information charging Oscar Foreman with a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 111(a) on February 26, 2009. Mr. Foreman was arraigned on March 12, 2009, and the Office of the Federal Defender was appointed to represent him in this case. Mr. Foreman, through counsel, requested discovery in this case on the next day, March 13, 2009. (Ex. A.) That request included a request for any and all statements allegedly made by the defendant, as well as written records containing the substance of any statement allegedly made by the defendant.

Only two days earlier, on March 11, 2009, Magistrate Judge Dale Drozd issued an order in another misdemeanor, criminal case sanctioning the government for failing to abide by its discovery obligations by its 11th hour release of a statement by the defendant that had been in the government's possession for months. Exhibit D. In light of this, counsel for Mr. Foreman expected the government to abide by its mandated discovery obligations in every misdemeanor case.

Mr. Foreman's case was originally scheduled for trial on May 12, 2009; at the April 27, 2009 trial confirmation hearing, the parties agreed to continue the trial to August 18, 2009.

On July 27, 2009, the parties appeared for a second trial confirmation hearing, at which the government moved to continue the August 18 trial date, over prior defense counsel Michael Petrik's objection. The court continued the trial to August 27, 2009. On August 19, 2009, one week before trial, the government provided 162 pages of additional discovery to the defense. This discovery included previously undisclosed statements *written by the defendant*, personnel records relating to previous conflicts between complaining witness Ernie Barbour and Mr. Foreman, and reports containing statements by many government witnesses. (Ex. B.) This additional discovery did not include the defendant's statements released on January 5, 2010.

This unexplained, unjustified late disclosure of discovery caused defense counsel to move to vacate the August 27 trial date. The court vacated the trial date and set the case for status on September 28, 2009. At the September 28, 2009 status conference, the parties set a new trial date of January 12,

2010, and a new trial confirmation hearing date of December 28, 2009. During the intervening three months, the government provided no additional discovery to the defense. Mr. Foreman appeared with counsel on December 28, 2009, and the parties confirmed for trial.

On January 5, 2010, the parties filed motions *in limine*, proposed jury instructions, proposed *voir dire* topics and questions, and the government submitted a trial brief. On the afternoon of January 5, the defense received additional discovery from the government during the court run between the U.S. Attorney's Office and the Federal Defender's Office. Counsel did not receive this discovery until the morning of January 6, 2010. Certified Law Student Christina Eastman was present in court with undersigned counsel at 10:00 a.m. on January 5, 2010, and emailed undersigned counsel about another matter at 4:37 p.m. on January 5, 2010, but neither provided the new discovery in court nor attached it to the email.

The cover letter that accompanies the new discovery reads, "Please find enclosed additional discovery in this case that we recently learned of and just received today, consisting of 2 pages numbered 0198 to 0199." (Ex. C.) The letter is dated January 4, 2010, and signed by Certified Law Student Christina Eastman. Neither the letter nor any other communication has informed the defense how "recently" the government learned of these statements that it was obligated to disclose. Nor does the letter explain how the government's attorney obtained this information.

The new discovery consists of a report written by Contract Security Officer Jamie Baldwin regarding the incident charged in the information. That report contains the substance of a two-paragraph oral statement allegedly made by Mr. Foreman after he was arrested in this case, and while he was in a holding cell. The report contains additional statements allegedly made by Mr. Foreman, as well as an account of his arrest. Although Ms. Baldwin's name is mentioned in discovery previously provided by the government, none of these statements by Mr. Foreman were previously disclosed to the defense, nor was Ms. Baldwin's incident report.

II. ARGUMENT

This discovery violation is the latest in an unfortunate history of similar discovery violations by the United States Attorney's Office in misdemeanor cases. The government's conduct in this case must be viewed in light of the following similar conduct:

United States v. Anthony Guillebeau, CR-S-09-082 EFB

Defense counsel was forced to move for a continuance on January 5, 2010, the date of trial, after the government disclosed new statements by the defendant one business day before trial. The government had objected to multiple previous defense motions to continue the trial, each time indicating that it was fully prepared.

United States v. Jordan Crittle, CR-S-09-023 GGH

Defense counsel moved to exclude statements by the defendant that the government disclosed for the first time on August 17, 2009, following a June 19, 2009 evidentiary hearing on a motion to suppress and a July 27, 2009 trial confirmation hearing at which the government indicated that it was prepared for trial.¹

United States v. Jerrod Stranahan, CR-S-08-0368 DAD:

On March 11, 2009, Judge Drozd issued a written order precluding the use of statements by the defendant that were disclosed on February 26, 2009, three weeks after a trial confirmation hearing at which the government objected to the defense's request for a continuance and indicated that it was prepared for trial. (Attached as Ex. D.)

These cases represent *every* jury trial that the Office of the Federal Defender confirmed for trial at a trial confirmation hearing in 2009. Thus, in every one of the last four misdemeanor cases prosecuted by the U.S. Attorney's office and confirmed for jury trial, the U.S. Attorney's office for the Eastern District of California has violated its discovery obligations regarding statements by the defendant.

A. The government violated its discovery obligations in this case.

The government's late disclosure of Ms. Baldwin's incident report containing Mr. Foreman's alleged statements is a clear violation of Rule 16(a)(1)(A) and (B)(ii) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure. Mr. Foreman requested discovery under these rules over nine months ago. Mr. Foreman also requested notice under Rule 12 of the government's intention to introduce any statements made by Mr. Foreman at trial, so as to allow the defense an opportunity to move to suppress evidence. The

¹ This case was dismissed on the day of trial, pursuant to the U.S. Attorney's Office's changed policy regarding medical marijuana possession.

government's late disclosure has denied Mr. Foreman the opportunity to file any appropriate motions necessary to guarantee that his constitutional rights are respected and that he receives a fair trial.²

B. Exclusion is the appropriate remedy for this violation.

It could be argued that a repeated, consistent practice of discovery violations by the United States Attorney's misdemeanor unit warrants the strongest sanction possible, dismissal of this case. Certainly such action would be justified in light of the fact that this practice has continued even after the issuance of a strongly- worded written order by Magistrate Judge Drozd. Nonetheless, Mr. Foreman requests only that the government be precluded from introducing or referencing the late-disclosed evidence in any way.

The Court has wide discretion to fashion a remedy for a discovery violation. Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(d); see also United States v. Basinger, 60 F.3d 1400, 1407 (9th Cir. 1995); United States v. Burgess, 791 F.2d 676, 681 (9th Cir. 1986). This is the government's second attempt to disclose the defendant's statements on the eve of trial. The defense merely requested a continuance to remedy the August violation, but it is clear that the government learned nothing from its earlier mistakes in this case, as it is again attempting to provide the defense with the defendant's statements at the eleventh hour.

Knowing that she was again disclosing significant evidence at a late date, Ms. Eastman made no efforts to ensure that the defense learned of the evidence as soon as possible. She did not contact the defense as soon as she became aware that the government would be disclosing additional statements allegedly made by the defendant.³ She neither emailed nor faxed a copy of the discovery to the defense on January 4, but instead sent it out with the January 5 court run, knowing that pretrial motions *in limine* had to be filed on January 5. Although Ms. Eastman was present in Court while undersigned counsel appeared at 10:00 a.m. on January 5, she made no attempt to inform counsel of the new information at that time. The Court should exclude the evidence in part to deter the government and its agents from engaging in similar conduct in future cases.

² Defense counsel has insufficient information at this time to determine whether any motions to suppress the newly disclosed statements would be appropriate.

³ In fact, Ms. Eastman's letter is deliberately vague regarding when the government became aware of these alleged statements.

III. **CONCLUSION**

In its trial brief in this case, the government requested that the Court exclude any evidence that the defense had not yet disclosed as required under reciprocal discovery rules. (Gov. Tr. Brief, p. 9.) The defense makes that same request in this motion in limine. For the above reasons, Mr. Foreman moves this Court to exclude any statements allegedly made by Mr. Foreman to Jamie Baldwin in connection with this case.

Dated: January 7, 2010

26

27

28

Respectfully submitted,

DANIEL J. BRODERICK Federal Defender

/s/ Lauren Cusick

LAUREN CUSICK Assistant Federal Defender Attorney for Defendant OSCAŘ FOREMAN